



# Outlying Landing Field Barin Foley, Alabama Drinking Water Investigation Results

October 2021

**The Navy has conducted sampling of drinking water wells within a designated area near Outlying Landing Field (OLF) Barin for certain per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances, commonly known as PFAS. There were detections of PFOA and/or PFOS above the EPA lifetime health advisory within the sampling area.**

PFAS are a family of thousands of different chemicals which have been widely used in industrial and consumer products since the 1950s. The Navy developed a proactive policy to address past releases of PFAS at installations nationwide, as several PFAS are now of emerging public health concern. The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) has issued a lifetime health advisory for two commonly used and studied PFAS, perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA) and perfluorooctane sulfonate (PFOS).

The most common Navy activity that could have resulted in the historical release of PFOA, PFOS, and other PFAS to the environment at OLF Barin (Figure 1) is the use of firefighting foam (specifically aqueous film-forming foam, or AFFF) for testing, training, firefighting, and other life-saving emergency responses. Because of this historical use, PFOA, PFOS, and other PFAS may be present in the soil and/or groundwater on-base, and they may also be present in nearby off-base drinking water wells located in the direction that groundwater flows away from the OLF within the sampling area (Figure 2).

Records indicate that many residents in the sampling area purchase their drinking water from Riviera Utilities. The Navy is not asking to sample water provided by Riviera Utilities. **At this time, the Navy is only asking to sample from drinking water wells located in the sampling area.**

PFAS are chemicals of emerging concern, which have no Safe Drinking Water Act regulatory standards or routine water quality testing requirements. EPA lifetime health advisories are non-enforceable and non-regulatory. They are informal technical guidance to assist federal, state, and local officials, along with managers of public or community water systems, in protecting public health as needed.

In 2020, a comprehensive Preliminary Assessment (PA) was completed at the OLFs in Alabama associated with NAS Whiting Field. It identified potential historical releases of firefighting foam to the environment during activities such as testing, training, firefighting, and other life-saving emergency responses. The PA confirmed that firefighting foam was released to the environment at Site 24B (a firefighting training area) and four Foam Check and Aircraft Mishap Response Areas. It also identified an additional site, the Firehouse/Blockhouse, where firefighting foam may have been released to the environment. At each of these sites, PFAS may be present in groundwater, and may have migrated off-base to nearby drinking water wells (Figure 2). This drinking water well investigation will allow us to address any current exposure to PFOA and/or PFOS above the EPA lifetime health advisory.

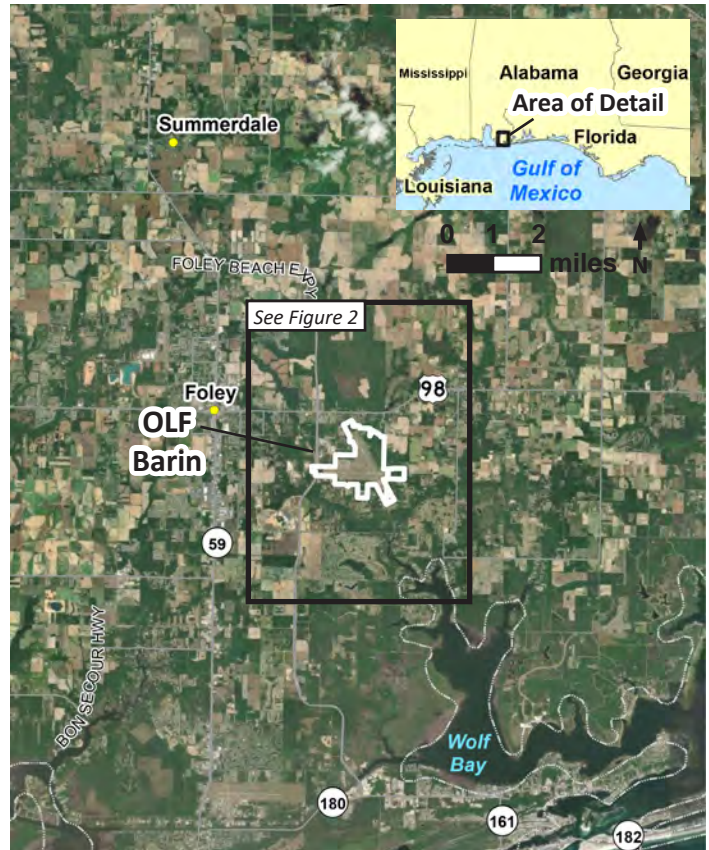


Figure 1 – OLF Barin

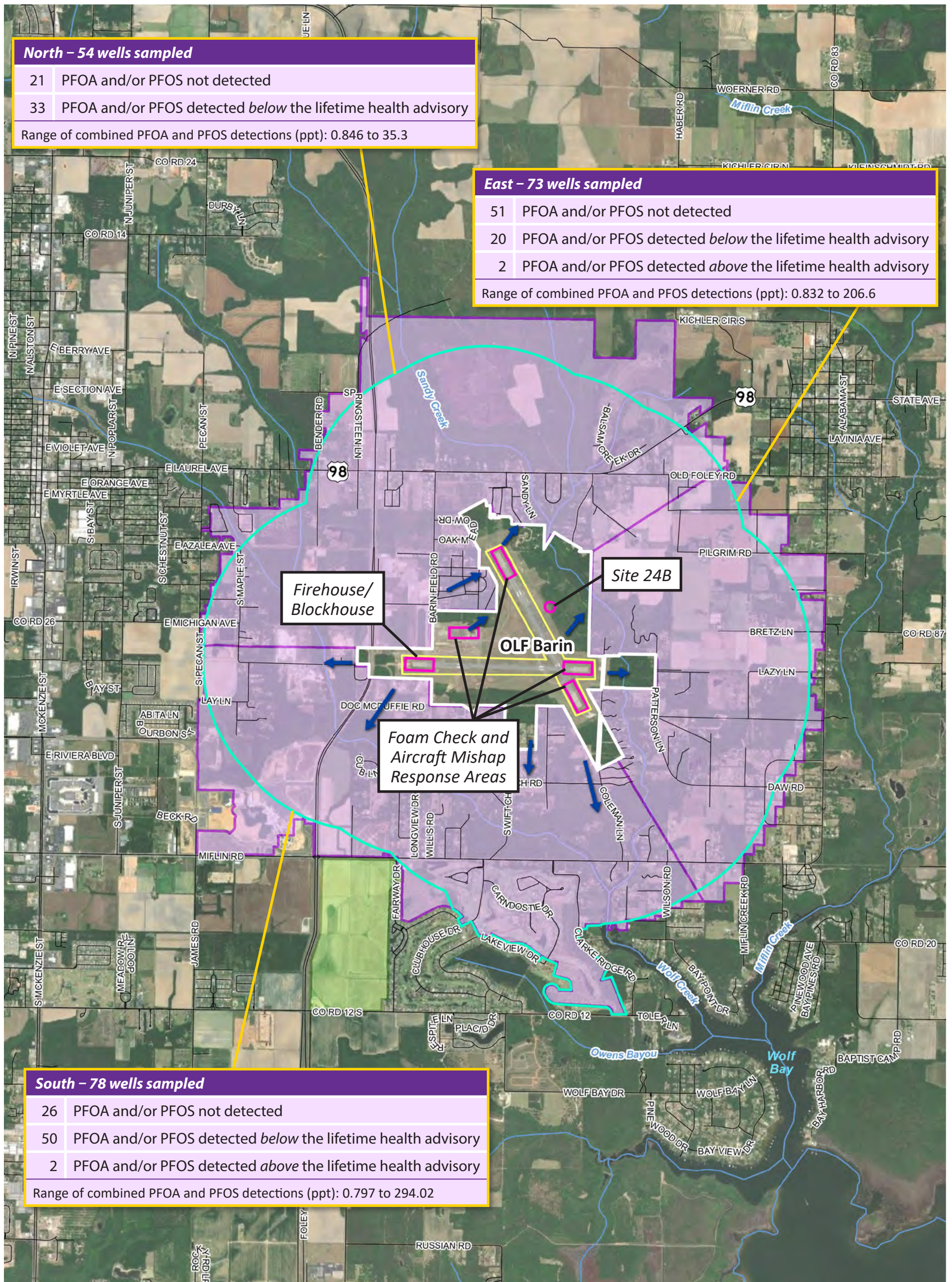
There is no legal requirement to conduct this drinking water testing. The Navy is performing this voluntary testing because it is important that our neighbors in the sampling area are not drinking water with PFOA and/or PFOS concentrations above the EPA lifetime health advisory as a result of confirmed or potential releases of PFAS from OLF Barin. The Navy is conducting the investigation in collaboration with the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry, the Alabama Department of Environmental Management, and the Alabama Department of Public Health.

### PFAS

PFAS are man-made chemicals that have been used since the 1950s in many household and industrial products because of their

**The Navy will provide bottled water for drinking and cooking to any resident in the sampling area whose well contains drinking water with PFOA and/or PFOS above the EPA lifetime health advisory. The Navy will provide bottled water until a long-term solution is implemented.**

Figure 2 – Sampling Area



**LEGEND**

- Confirmed PFAS release area
  - Runways
  - Base boundary
  - Surface water
  - ➔ Estimated groundwater flow direction
  - Downgradient 1-mile PFAS release buffer
  - Initial sampling area
  - Expanded sampling area
- ppt = part(s) per trillion
- 0 0.25 0.5  
↑ N  mile

stain- and water-repellent properties. PFAS are now present virtually everywhere in the world because of the large amounts that have been manufactured and used. Once these compounds are released, they break down very slowly.

The EPA is currently studying PFAS to determine if national regulation is needed. The EPA lifetime health advisory provides Americans, including the most sensitive populations, with a margin of protection from a lifetime of exposure to PFOA and/or PFOS in drinking water. The EPA lifetime health advisory for exposure is 70 parts per trillion (ppt) for PFOA and 70 ppt for PFOS. When both PFOA and PFOS are found in drinking water, the combined concentrations should not exceed 70 ppt.

**NAVY POLICY**

Until a decision for regulating PFAS is made, the Navy has proactively developed a policy to conduct investigations at installations where there has been a confirmed or potential release of PFAS to the environment. The Navy’s first priority with these investigations is to ensure people are not being exposed to PFOA and/or PFOS in their drinking water at concentrations exceeding the EPA lifetime health advisory as a result of a Navy PFAS release. When a confirmed or potential release of PFAS is identified on a Navy installation, a sampling area is designated 1 mile in the direction that groundwater flows away from a release site. To be protective, the Navy offers sampling to all residents whose drinking water is supplied by groundwater wells in these designated areas. Once any potential exposure from drinking water has been addressed, the Navy will then complete the full investigation to determine the extent of these compounds on our installations.

**INITIAL DRINKING WATER RESULTS**

In June 2021, the Navy began off-base drinking water sampling near OLF Barin. Table 1 and Figure 2 summarize the sampling results from June to August 2021.

<b>Table 1: Initial Drinking Water Results near OLF Barin for PFOA and/or PFOS</b>	
<b>WELLS SAMPLED</b>	<b>205</b>
No detections	98
Detections <i>below</i> the EPA lifetime health advisory	103
Detections <i>above</i> the EPA lifetime health advisory	4

Of the 205 wells sampled, PFOA and/or PFOS were detected in 107 samples. PFOA and/or PFOS were detected above the EPA lifetime health advisory in four wells located to the south and east of OLF Barin. The Navy has provided bottled water for drinking and cooking to the properties in the sampling area whose well contained PFOA and/or PFOS above the EPA lifetime health advisory. The Navy will continue to provide bottled water until a long-term solution is implemented. The Navy is still offering to sample drinking water wells within the initial area that have not previously been tested. Property owners can request sampling by contacting us at 844-NASWFLD (844-627-9353).

**EXPANDED DRINKING WATER SAMPLING**

Of the 205 wells sampled, PFOA and/or PFOS were detected above the EPA lifetime health advisory of 70 ppt in four wells. Two of these wells are located to the south of OLF Barin, and the Navy is expanding the drinking water investigation one half-mile from these properties in the direction of groundwater flow (see Figure 2). One half-mile from the two other wells with PFOA and/or PFOS above the

EPA lifetime health advisory, in the direction of groundwater flow, is within the initial sampling area, and the Navy is not expanding the sampling area to the east based on these results.

**ACTIONS BASED ON RESULTS**

The Navy will continue to test in the sampling area as shown on Figure 2. Preliminary results from the additional off-base drinking water sampling are expected approximately 30 days after collecting the samples. We will notify property owners of their personal drinking water results and follow-up actions if needed. The Navy will do its best to keep the results of individual properties confidential to the extent permitted by law.

The Navy will provide an alternate water source, likely bottled water, for drinking and cooking to any resident in the sampling area whose well contains drinking water with PFOA and/or PFOS above the EPA lifetime health advisory. The Navy will continue to provide the alternate water source until a permanent solution is implemented.

**HEALTH INFORMATION**

**Exposure to PFOA and PFOS appears to be global. Studies have found both compounds in the blood samples of the general population. Studies on exposed populations indicate that PFOA and/or PFOS may have caused elevated cholesterol levels and possibly low infant birth weight. In studies conducted using laboratory animals, effects on developmental, neurological, immune, thyroid, and liver function were observed.**

**Health effects from exposure to low levels of PFAS are not well known, and studies are continuing. At this time, it is not possible to link exposures to PFOA and/or PFOS to a person’s individual health issues. Blood tests are available to measure these chemicals, but they are not routinely done because the results can be inconclusive and test results do not predict health effects. Long-term exposure effects are still being investigated by the EPA.**

**Based on what is known and still unknown about PFOA and PFOS, EPA recommends people not drink or cook with water that contains these compounds above the EPA lifetime health advisory.**

**FOR MORE INFORMATION**

<http://go.usa.gov/xAEQF>

If you have any questions, please call **844-NASWFLD (844-627-9353)** or email [whtg\\_naswf\\_pao.fct@navy.mil](mailto:whtg_naswf_pao.fct@navy.mil)



# Outlying Landing Field Silverhill Silverhill, Alabama Drinking Water Investigation Results

October 2021

**The Navy has conducted sampling of drinking water wells within a designated area near Outlying Landing Field (OLF) Silverhill for certain per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances, commonly known as PFAS. There were no detections of PFOA and/or PFOS above the EPA lifetime health advisory within the sampling area.**

PFAS are a family of thousands of different chemicals which have been widely used in industrial and consumer products since the 1950s. The Navy developed a proactive policy to address past releases of PFAS at installations nationwide, as several PFAS are now of emerging public health concern. The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) has issued a lifetime health advisory for two commonly used and studied PFAS, perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA) and perfluorooctane sulfonate (PFOS).

The most common Navy activity that could have resulted in the historical release of PFOA, PFOS, and other PFAS to the environment at OLF Silverhill (Figure 1) is the use of firefighting foam (specifically aqueous film-forming foam, or AFFF) for testing, training, firefighting, and other life-saving emergency responses. Because of this historical use, PFOA, PFOS, and other PFAS may be present in the soil and/or groundwater on-base, and they may also be present in nearby off-base drinking water wells located in the direction that groundwater flows away from the OLF within the sampling area (Figure 2).

Records indicate that many residents in the sampling area purchase their drinking water from Belforest Water. The Navy is not asking to sample water provided by Belforest Water. **At this time, the Navy is only asking to sample from drinking water wells located in the sampling area.**

PFAS are chemicals of emerging concern, which have no Safe Drinking Water Act regulatory standards or routine water quality testing requirements. EPA lifetime health advisories are non-enforceable and non-regulatory. They are informal technical guidance to assist federal, state, and local officials, along with managers of public or community water systems, in protecting public health as needed.

In 2020, a comprehensive Preliminary Assessment (PA) was completed at the OLFs in Alabama associated with NAS Whiting Field. It identified potential historical releases of firefighting foam to the environment during activities such as testing, training, firefighting, and other life-saving emergency responses. The PA identified two sites, the Firehouse/Blockhouse and the



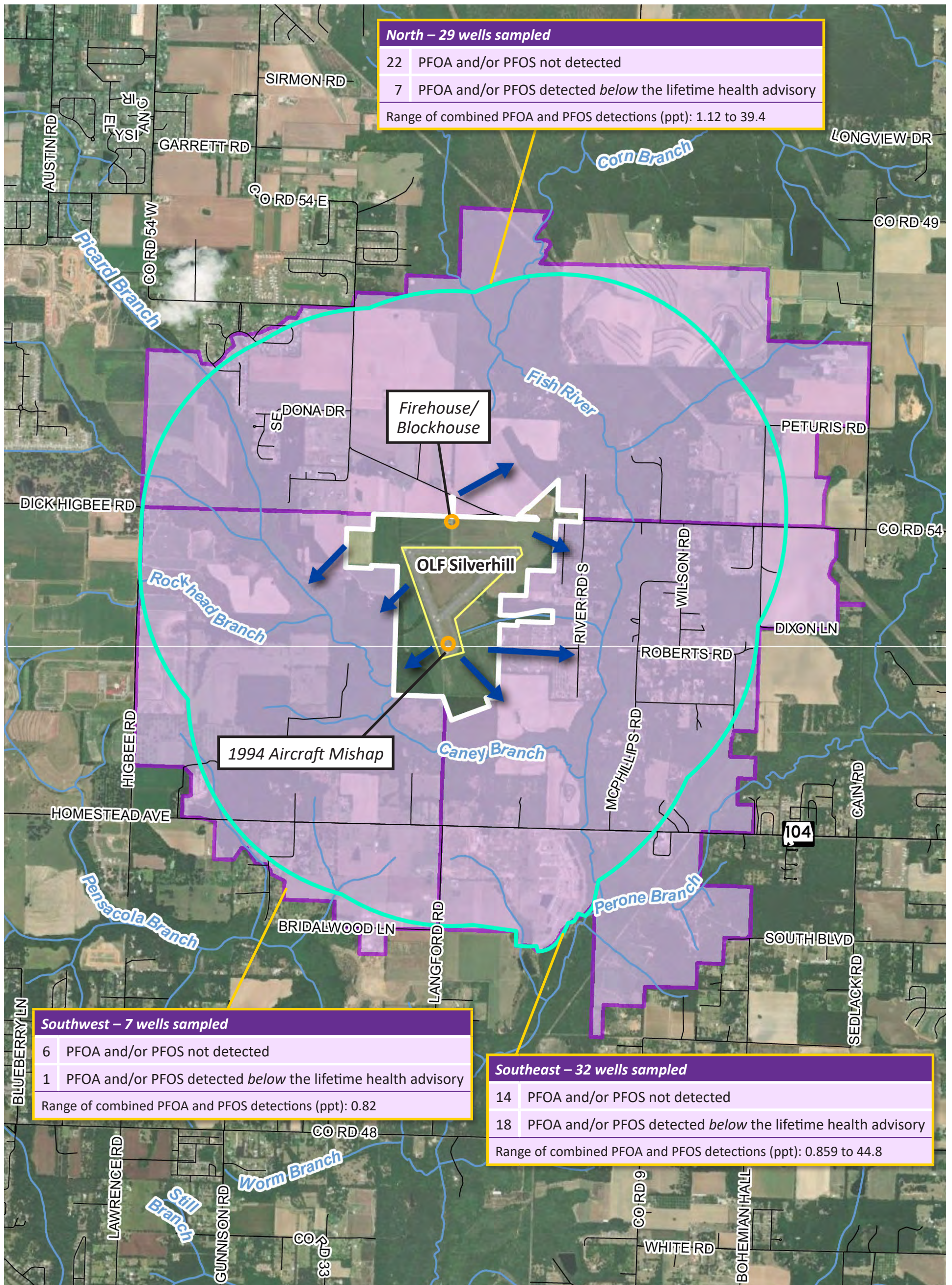
Figure 1 – OLF Silverhill

1994 Aircraft Mishap, where firefighting foam may have been released to the environment. At each of these sites, PFAS may be present in groundwater, and may have migrated off-base to nearby drinking water wells (Figure 2). This drinking water well investigation will allow us to address any current exposure to PFOA and/or PFOS above the EPA lifetime health advisory.

There is no legal requirement to conduct this drinking water testing. The Navy is performing this voluntary testing because it is important that our neighbors in the sampling area are

**The Navy will provide bottled water for drinking and cooking to any resident in the sampling area whose well contains drinking water with PFOA and/or PFOS above the EPA lifetime health advisory. The Navy will provide bottled water until a long-term solution is implemented.**

Figure 2 – Sampling Area



**LEGEND**

- ▭ Potential PFAS release area
  - ▭ Runways
  - ▭ Base boundary
  - Surface water
  - ➔ Estimated groundwater flow direction
  - ▭ Downgradient 1-mile PFAS release buffer
  - ▭ Sampling area
- ppt = part(s) per trillion



not drinking water with PFOA and/or PFOS concentrations above the EPA lifetime health advisory as a result of potential releases of PFAS from OLF Silverhill. The Navy is conducting the investigation in collaboration with the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry, the Alabama Department of Environmental Management, and the Alabama Department of Public Health.

**PFAS**

PFAS are man-made chemicals that have been used since the 1950s in many household and industrial products because of their stain- and water-repellent properties. PFAS are now present virtually everywhere in the world because of the large amounts that have been manufactured and used. Once these compounds are released, they break down very slowly.

The EPA is currently studying PFAS to determine if national regulation is needed. The EPA lifetime health advisory provides Americans, including the most sensitive populations, with a margin of protection from a lifetime of exposure to PFOA and/or PFOS in drinking water. The EPA lifetime health advisory for exposure is 70 parts per trillion (ppt) for PFOA and 70 ppt for PFOS. When both PFOA and PFOS are found in drinking water, the combined concentrations should not exceed 70 ppt.

**NAVY POLICY**

Until a decision for regulating PFAS is made, the Navy has proactively developed a policy to conduct investigations at installations where there has been a confirmed or potential release of PFAS to the environment. The Navy’s first priority with these investigations is to ensure people are not being exposed to PFOA and/or PFOS in their drinking water at concentrations exceeding the EPA lifetime health advisory as a result of a Navy PFAS release. When a confirmed or potential release of PFAS is identified on a Navy installation, a sampling area is designated 1 mile in the direction that groundwater flows away from a release site. To be protective, the Navy offers sampling to all residents whose drinking water is supplied by groundwater wells in these designated areas. Once any potential exposure from drinking water has been addressed, the Navy will then complete the full investigation to determine the extent of these compounds on our installations.

**DRINKING WATER RESULTS**

In June 2021, the Navy began off-base drinking water sampling near OLF Silverhill. Table 1 and Figure 2 summarize the sampling results from June to August 2021.

<b>Table 1: Drinking Water Results near OLF Silverhill for PFOA and/or PFOS</b>	
<b>WELLS SAMPLED</b>	<b>68</b>
No detections	42
Detections <i>below</i> the EPA lifetime health advisory	26
Detections <i>above</i> the EPA lifetime health advisory	0

Of the 68 wells sampled, PFOA and/or PFOS were detected in 26 samples. PFOA and/or PFOS were not detected above the EPA lifetime health advisory in any sample. The Navy is still offering to sample drinking water wells within the sampling area that have not previously been tested. Property owners can request sampling by contacting us at 844-NASWFLD (844-627-9353).

**ACTIONS BASED ON RESULTS**

Although PFOA and/or PFOS have not been detected above the EPA lifetime health advisory in the sampled wells off-base, the Navy will continue the on-base environmental investigation for PFAS, which is conducted under Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA). The next step is to initiate a Site Inspection at the potential PFAS release areas identified in the PA.

**HEALTH INFORMATION**

**Exposure to PFOA and PFOS appears to be global. Studies have found both compounds in the blood samples of the general population. Studies on exposed populations indicate that PFOA and/or PFOS may have caused elevated cholesterol levels and possibly low infant birth weight. In studies conducted using laboratory animals, effects on developmental, neurological, immune, thyroid, and liver function were observed.**

**Health effects from exposure to low levels of PFAS are not well known, and studies are continuing. At this time, it is not possible to link exposures to PFOA and/or PFOS to a person’s individual health issues. Blood tests are available to measure these chemicals, but they are not routinely done because the results can be inconclusive and test results do not predict health effects. Long-term exposure effects are still being investigated by the EPA.**

**Based on what is known and still unknown about PFOA and PFOS, EPA recommends people not drink or cook with water that contains these compounds above the EPA lifetime health advisory.**

**FOR MORE INFORMATION**

<http://go.usa.gov/xAEQF>

If you have any questions, please call **844-NASWFLD (844-627-9353)** or email [whtg\\_naswf\\_pao.fct@navy.mil](mailto:whtg_naswf_pao.fct@navy.mil)



# Outlying Landing Field Summerdale Summerdale, Alabama Drinking Water Investigation Results

October 2021

**The Navy has conducted sampling of drinking water wells within a designated area near Outlying Landing Field (OLF) Summerdale for certain per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances, commonly known as PFAS. There were no detections of PFOA and/or PFOS above the EPA lifetime health advisory within the sampling area.**

PFAS are a family of thousands of different chemicals which have been widely used in industrial and consumer products since the 1950s. The Navy developed a proactive policy to address past releases of PFAS at installations nationwide, as several PFAS are now of emerging public health concern. The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) has issued a lifetime health advisory for two commonly used and studied PFAS, perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA) and perfluorooctane sulfonate (PFOS).

The most common Navy activity that could have resulted in the historical release of PFOA, PFOS, and other PFAS to the environment at OLF Summerdale (Figure 1) is the use of firefighting foam (specifically aqueous film-forming foam, or AFFF) for testing, training, firefighting, and other life-saving emergency responses. Because of this historical use, PFOA, PFOS, and other PFAS may be present in the soil and/or groundwater on-base, and they may also be present in nearby off-base drinking water wells located in the direction that groundwater flows away from the OLF within the sampling area (Figure 2).

Records indicate that some residents in the sampling area purchase their drinking water from East Central Baldwin Water Authority. The Navy is not asking to sample water provided by East Central Baldwin Water Authority. **At this time, the Navy is only asking to sample from drinking water wells located in the sampling area.**

PFAS are chemicals of emerging concern, which have no Safe Drinking Water Act regulatory standards or routine water quality testing requirements. EPA lifetime health advisories are non-enforceable and non-regulatory. They are informal technical guidance to assist federal, state, and local officials, along with managers of public or community water systems, in protecting public health as needed.

In 2020, a comprehensive Preliminary Assessment (PA) was completed at the OLFs in Alabama associated with NAS Whiting Field. It identified potential historical releases of firefighting foam to the environment during activities such as testing, training, firefighting, and other life-saving emergency responses. The PA confirmed that firefighting foam was released to the



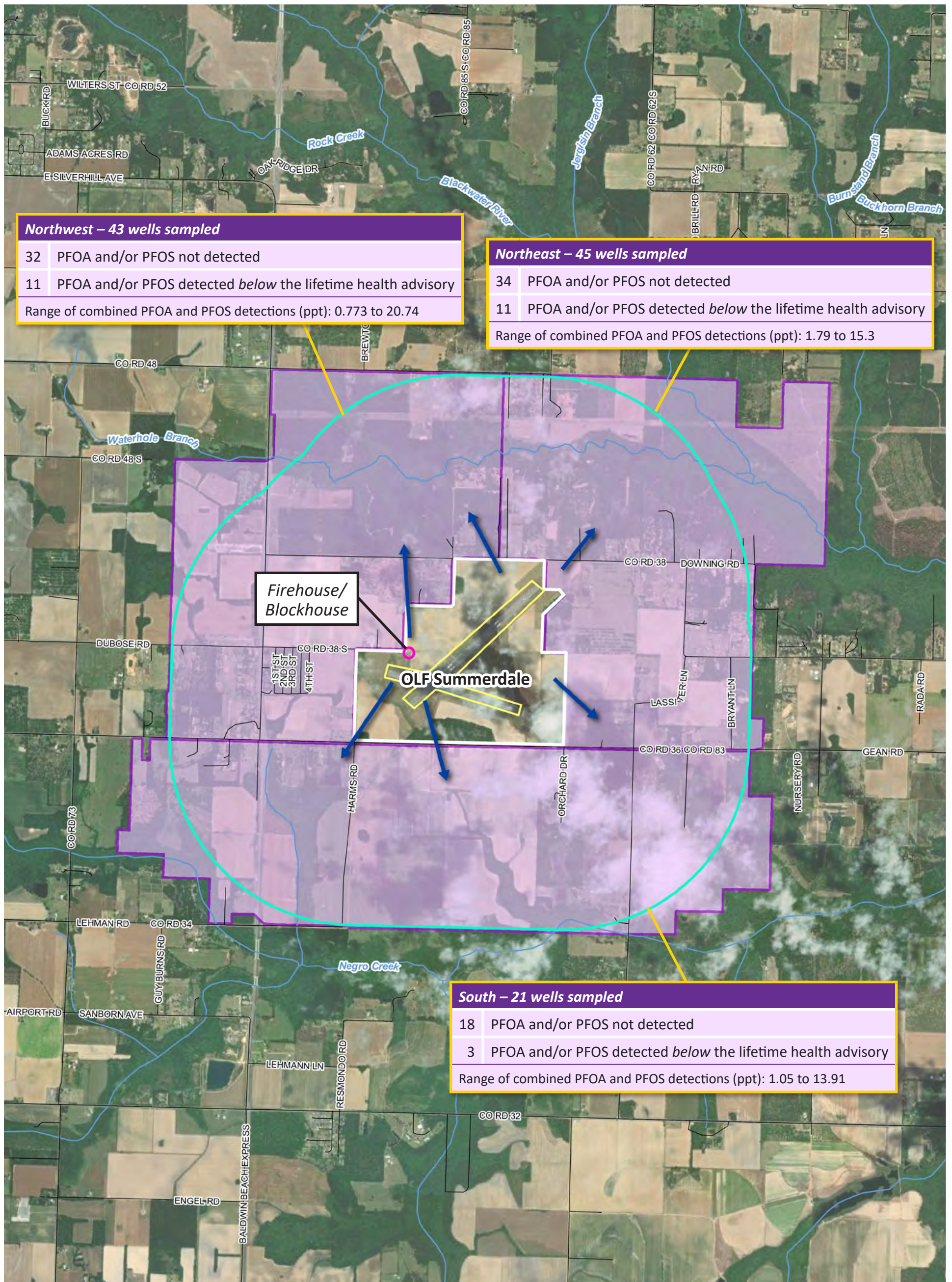
Figure 1 – OLF Summerdale

environment at one site, the Firehouse/Blockhouse. At this site, PFAS may be present in groundwater, and may have migrated off-base to nearby drinking water wells (Figure 2). This drinking water well investigation will allow us to address any current exposure to PFOA and/or PFOS above the EPA lifetime health advisory.

There is no legal requirement to conduct this drinking water testing. The Navy is performing this voluntary testing because it is important that our neighbors in the sampling area are not drinking water with PFOA and/or PFOS concentrations

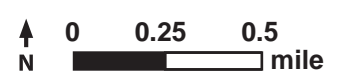
**The Navy will provide bottled water for drinking and cooking to any resident in the sampling area whose well contains drinking water with PFOA and/or PFOS above the EPA lifetime health advisory. The Navy will provide bottled water until a long-term solution is implemented.**

Figure 2 – Sampling Area



**LEGEND**

- Confirmed PFAS release area
  - Runways
  - Base boundary
  - Surface water
  - ➔ Estimated groundwater flow direction
  - Downgradient 1-mile PFAS release buffer
  - Sampling area
- ppt = part(s) per trillion





above the EPA lifetime health advisory as a result of confirmed releases of PFAS from OLF Summerdale. The Navy is conducting the investigation in collaboration with the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry, the Alabama Department of Environmental Management, and the Alabama Department of Public Health.

**PFAS**

PFAS are man-made chemicals that have been used since the 1950s in many household and industrial products because of their stain- and water-repellent properties. PFAS are now present virtually everywhere in the world because of the large amounts that have been manufactured and used. Once these compounds are released, they break down very slowly.

The EPA is currently studying PFAS to determine if national regulation is needed. The EPA lifetime health advisory provides Americans, including the most sensitive populations, with a margin of protection from a lifetime of exposure to PFOA and/or PFOS in drinking water. The EPA lifetime health advisory for exposure is 70 parts per trillion (ppt) for PFOA and 70 ppt for PFOS. When both PFOA and PFOS are found in drinking water, the combined concentrations should not exceed 70 ppt.

**NAVY POLICY**

Until a decision for regulating PFAS is made, the Navy has proactively developed a policy to conduct investigations at installations where there has been a confirmed or potential release of PFAS to the environment. The Navy’s first priority with these investigations is to ensure people are not being exposed to PFOA and/or PFOS in their drinking water at concentrations exceeding the EPA lifetime health advisory as a result of a Navy PFAS release. When a confirmed or potential release of PFAS is identified on a Navy installation, a sampling area is designated 1 mile in the direction that groundwater flows away from a release site. To be protective, the Navy offers sampling to all residents whose drinking water is supplied by groundwater wells in these designated areas. Once any potential exposure from drinking water has been addressed, the Navy will then complete the full investigation to determine the extent of these compounds on our installations.

**DRINKING WATER RESULTS**

In June 2021, the Navy began off-base drinking water sampling near OLF Summerdale. Table 1 and Figure 2 summarize the sampling results from June to August 2021.

**Table 1: Drinking Water Results near OLF Summerdale for PFOA and/or PFOS**

WELLS SAMPLED	109
No detections	84
Detections <i>below</i> the EPA lifetime health advisory	25
Detections <i>above</i> the EPA lifetime health advisory	0

Of the 109 wells sampled, PFOA and/or PFOS were detected in 25 samples. PFOA and/or PFOS were not detected above the EPA lifetime health advisory in any sample. The Navy is still offering to sample drinking water wells within the sampling area that have not previously been tested. Property owners can request sampling by contacting us at 844-NASWFLD (844-627-9353).

**ACTIONS BASED ON RESULTS**

Although PFOA and/or PFOS have not been detected above the EPA lifetime health advisory in the sampled wells off-base, the Navy will continue the on-base environmental investigation for PFAS, which is conducted under Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA). The next step is to initiate a Site Inspection at the potential and confirmed PFAS release areas identified in the PA.

**HEALTH INFORMATION**

**Exposure to PFOA and PFOS appears to be global. Studies have found both compounds in the blood samples of the general population. Studies on exposed populations indicate that PFOA and/or PFOS may have caused elevated cholesterol levels and possibly low infant birth weight. In studies conducted using laboratory animals, effects on developmental, neurological, immune, thyroid, and liver function were observed.**

**Health effects from exposure to low levels of PFAS are not well known, and studies are continuing. At this time, it is not possible to link exposures to PFOA and/or PFOS to a person’s individual health issues. Blood tests are available to measure these chemicals, but they are not routinely done because the results can be inconclusive and test results do not predict health effects. Long-term exposure effects are still being investigated by the EPA.**

**Based on what is known and still unknown about PFOA and PFOS, EPA recommends people not drink or cook with water that contains these compounds above the EPA lifetime health advisory.**

**FOR MORE INFORMATION**

<http://go.usa.gov/xAEQF>

If you have any questions, please call **844-NASWFLD (844-627-9353)** or email [whtg\\_naswf\\_pao.fct@navy.mil](mailto:whtg_naswf_pao.fct@navy.mil)



# Outlying Landing Field Wolf Baldwin County, Alabama Drinking Water Investigation Results

October 2021

**The Navy has conducted sampling of drinking water wells within a designated area near Outlying Landing Field (OLF) Wolf, for certain per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances, commonly known as PFAS. There were detections of PFOA and/or PFOS above the EPA lifetime health advisory within the sampling area.**

PFAS are a family of thousands of different chemicals which have been widely used in industrial and consumer products since the 1950s. The Navy developed a proactive policy to address past releases of PFAS at installations nationwide, as several PFAS are now of emerging public health concern. The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) has issued a lifetime health advisory for two commonly used and studied PFAS, perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA) and perfluorooctane sulfonate (PFOS).

The most common Navy activity that could have resulted in the historical release of PFOA, PFOS, and other PFAS to the environment at OLF Wolf (Figure 1) is the use of firefighting foam (specifically aqueous film-forming foam, or AFFF) for testing, training, firefighting, and other life-saving emergency responses. Because of this historical use, PFOA, PFOS, and other PFAS may be present in the soil and/or groundwater on-base, and they may also be present in nearby off-base drinking water wells located in the direction that groundwater flows away from the OLF within the sampling area (Figure 2).

Records indicate that some residents in the sampling area purchase their drinking water from Perdido Bay Water. The Navy is not asking to sample water provided by Perdido Bay Water. **At this time, the Navy is only asking to sample from drinking water wells located in the sampling area.**

PFAS are chemicals of emerging concern, which have no Safe Drinking Water Act regulatory standards or routine water quality testing requirements. EPA lifetime health advisories are non-enforceable and non-regulatory. They are informal technical guidance to assist federal, state, and local officials, along with managers of public or community water systems, in protecting public health as needed.

In 2020, a comprehensive Preliminary Assessment (PA) was completed at the OLFs in Alabama associated with NAS Whiting Field. It identified potential historical releases of firefighting foam to the environment during activities such as testing, training, firefighting, and other life-saving emergency responses. The PA identified one site, the Firehouse/Blockhouse, where firefighting foam may have been released to the environment. At this site, PFAS may be present in groundwater, and may have migrated off-base to nearby drinking water wells (Figure 2). This drinking water well investigation will allow us to address any current exposure to PFOA and/or PFOS above the EPA lifetime health advisory.

There is no legal requirement to conduct this drinking water testing. The Navy is performing this voluntary testing because it is important



Figure 1 – OLF Wolf

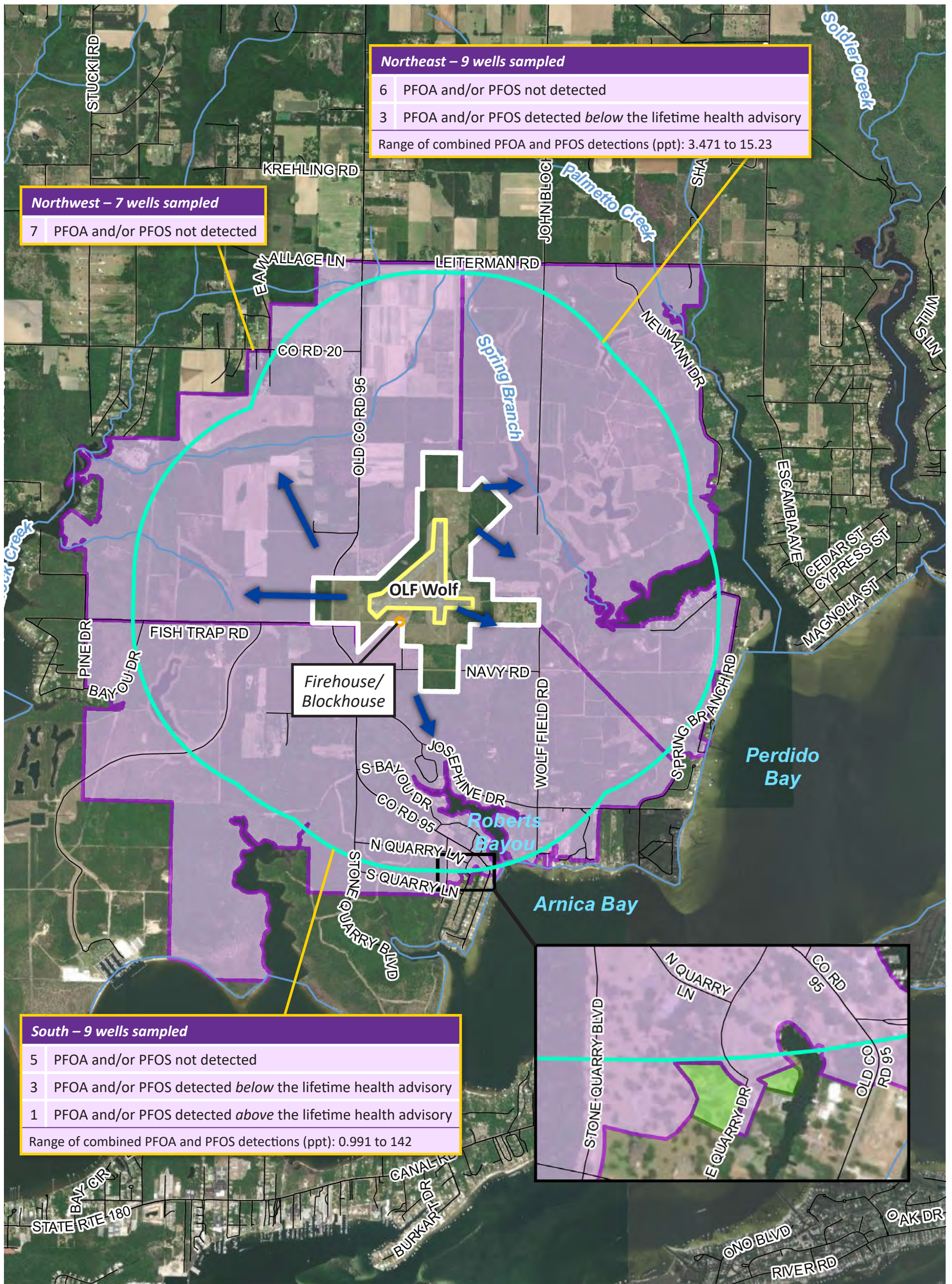
that our neighbors in the sampling area are not drinking water with PFOA and/or PFOS concentrations above the EPA lifetime health advisory as a result of potential releases of PFAS from OLF Wolf. The Navy is conducting the investigation in collaboration with the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry, the Alabama Department of Environmental Management, and the Alabama Department of Public Health.

### PFAS

PFAS are man-made chemicals that have been used since the 1950s in many household and industrial products because of their stain- and water-repellent properties. PFAS are now present virtually

**The Navy will provide bottled water for drinking and cooking to any resident in the sampling area whose well contains drinking water with PFOA and/or PFOS above the EPA lifetime health advisory. The Navy will provide bottled water until a long-term solution is implemented.**

Figure 2 – Sampling Area



**LEGEND**

- ▭ Potential PFAS release area
  - ▭ Runways
  - Base boundary
  - Surface water
  - ➔ Estimated groundwater flow direction
  - Downgradient 1-mile PFAS release buffer
  - Initial sampling area
  - Expanded sampling area
- ppt = part(s) per trillion



everywhere in the world because of the large amounts that have been manufactured and used. Once these compounds are released, they break down very slowly.

The EPA is currently studying PFAS to determine if national regulation is needed. The EPA lifetime health advisory provides Americans, including the most sensitive populations, with a margin of protection from a lifetime of exposure to PFOA and/or PFOS in drinking water. The EPA lifetime health advisory for exposure is 70 parts per trillion (ppt) for PFOA and 70 ppt for PFOS. When both PFOA and PFOS are found in drinking water, the combined concentrations should not exceed 70 ppt.

**NAVY POLICY**

Until a decision for regulating PFAS is made, the Navy has proactively developed a policy to conduct investigations at installations where there has been a confirmed or potential release of PFAS to the environment. The Navy’s first priority with these investigations is to ensure people are not being exposed to PFOA and/or PFOS in their drinking water at concentrations exceeding the EPA lifetime health advisory as a result of a Navy PFAS release. When a confirmed or potential release of PFAS is identified on a Navy installation, a sampling area is designated 1 mile in the direction that groundwater flows away from a release site. To be protective, the Navy offers sampling to all residents whose drinking water is supplied by groundwater wells in these designated areas. Once any potential exposure from drinking water has been addressed, the Navy will then complete the full investigation to determine the extent of these compounds on our installations.

**INITIAL DRINKING WATER RESULTS**

In June 2021, the Navy began off-base drinking water sampling near OLF Wolf. Table 1 and Figure 2 summarize the sampling results from June to August 2021.

<b>Table 1: Initial Drinking Water Results near OLF Wolf for PFOA and/or PFOS</b>	
<b>WELLS SAMPLED</b>	<b>25</b>
No detections	18
Detections below the EPA lifetime health advisory	6
Detections above the EPA lifetime health advisory	1

Of the 25 wells sampled, PFOA and/or PFOS were detected in seven samples. PFOA was detected above the EPA lifetime health advisory in one sample collected to the south of OLF Wolf. The Navy has provided bottled water for drinking and cooking to the properties in the sampling area whose well contained PFOA and/or PFOS above the EPA lifetime health advisory. The Navy will continue to provide bottled water until a long-term solution is implemented. The Navy is still offering to sample drinking water wells within the sampling area that have not previously been tested. Property owners can request sampling by contacting us at 844-NASWFLD (844-627-9353).

**EXPANDED DRINKING WATER SAMPLING**

Of the 25 wells sampled, PFOA and/or PFOS were detected above the EPA lifetime health advisory of 70 ppt in one well. This well is located to the south of OLF Wolf, and the Navy is expanding the drinking water investigation one half-mile from this property in the direction of groundwater flow (see Figure 2).

**ACTIONS BASED ON RESULTS**

The Navy will continue to test in the sampling area as shown on Figure 2. Preliminary results from the additional off-base drinking water sampling are expected approximately 30 days after collecting the samples. We will notify property owners of their personal drinking water results and follow-up actions if needed. The Navy will do its best to keep the results of individual properties confidential to the extent permitted by law.

The Navy will provide an alternate water source, likely bottled water, for drinking and cooking to any resident in the sampling area whose well contains drinking water with PFOA and/ or PFOS above the EPA lifetime health advisory. The Navy will continue to provide the alternate water source until a permanent solution is implemented.

**HEALTH INFORMATION**

**Exposure to PFOA and PFOS appears to be global. Studies have found both compounds in the blood samples of the general population. Studies on exposed populations indicate that PFOA and/or PFOS may have caused elevated cholesterol levels and possibly low infant birth weight. In studies conducted using laboratory animals, effects on developmental, neurological, immune, thyroid, and liver function were observed.**

**Health effects from exposure to low levels of PFAS are not well known, and studies are continuing. At this time, it is not possible to link exposures to PFOA and/or PFOS to a person’s individual health issues. Blood tests are available to measure these chemicals, but they are not routinely done because the results can be inconclusive and test results do not predict health effects. Long-term exposure effects are still being investigated by the EPA.**

**Based on what is known and still unknown about PFOA and PFOS, EPA recommends people not drink or cook with water that contains these compounds above the EPA lifetime health advisory.**

**FOR MORE INFORMATION**

<http://go.usa.gov/xAEQF>

If you have any questions, please call **844-NASWFLD (844-627-9353)** or email [whtg\\_naswf\\_pao.fct@navy.mil](mailto:whtg_naswf_pao.fct@navy.mil)



# Outlying Landing Field Brewton Brewton, Alabama Drinking Water Investigation Results

October 2021

**The Navy has conducted sampling of drinking water wells within a designated area near Outlying Landing Field (OLF) Brewton, for certain per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances, commonly known as PFAS. There were no detections of PFOA or PFOS within the sampling area.**

PFAS are a family of thousands of different chemicals which have been widely used in industrial and consumer products since the 1950s. The Navy developed a proactive policy to address past releases of PFAS at installations nationwide, as several PFAS are now of emerging public health concern. The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) has issued a lifetime health advisory for two commonly used and studied PFAS, perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA) and perfluorooctane sulfonate (PFOS).

The most common Navy activity that could have resulted in the historical release of PFOA, PFOS, and other PFAS to the environment at OLF Brewton (Figure 1) is the use of firefighting foam (specifically aqueous film-forming foam, or AFFF) for testing, training, firefighting, and other life-saving emergency responses. Because of this historical use, PFOA, PFOS, and other PFAS may be present in the soil and/or groundwater on-base, and they may also be present in nearby off-base drinking water wells located in the direction that groundwater flows away from the OLF within the sampling area (Figure 2).

Records indicate that many residents in the sampling area purchase their drinking water from Riverview Water Systems. The Navy is not asking to sample water provided by Riverview Water Systems. **At this time, the Navy is only asking to sample from drinking water wells located in the sampling area.**

PFAS are chemicals of emerging concern, which have no Safe Drinking Water Act regulatory standards or routine water quality testing requirements. EPA lifetime health advisories are non-enforceable and non-regulatory. They are informal technical guidance to assist federal, state, and local officials, along with managers of public or community water systems, in protecting public health as needed.

In 2020, a comprehensive Preliminary Assessment (PA) was completed at the OLFs in Alabama associated with NAS Whiting Field. It identified potential historical releases of firefighting foam to the environment during activities such as testing, training, firefighting, and other life-saving emergency responses. The PA confirmed that firefighting foam was released to the environment at one site, the Airfield Parking Ramp AFFF Release. It also identified an additional site, the

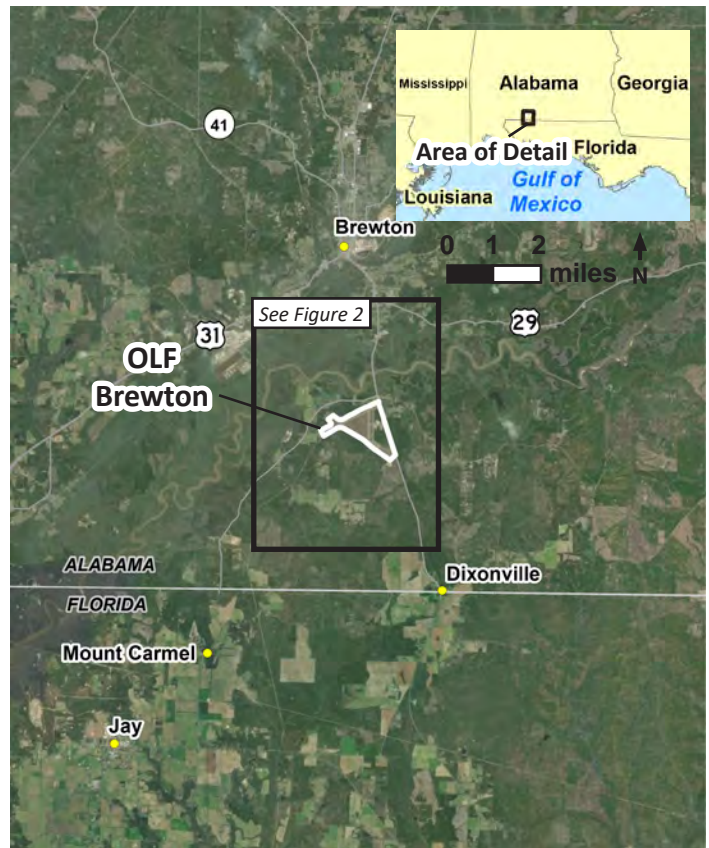


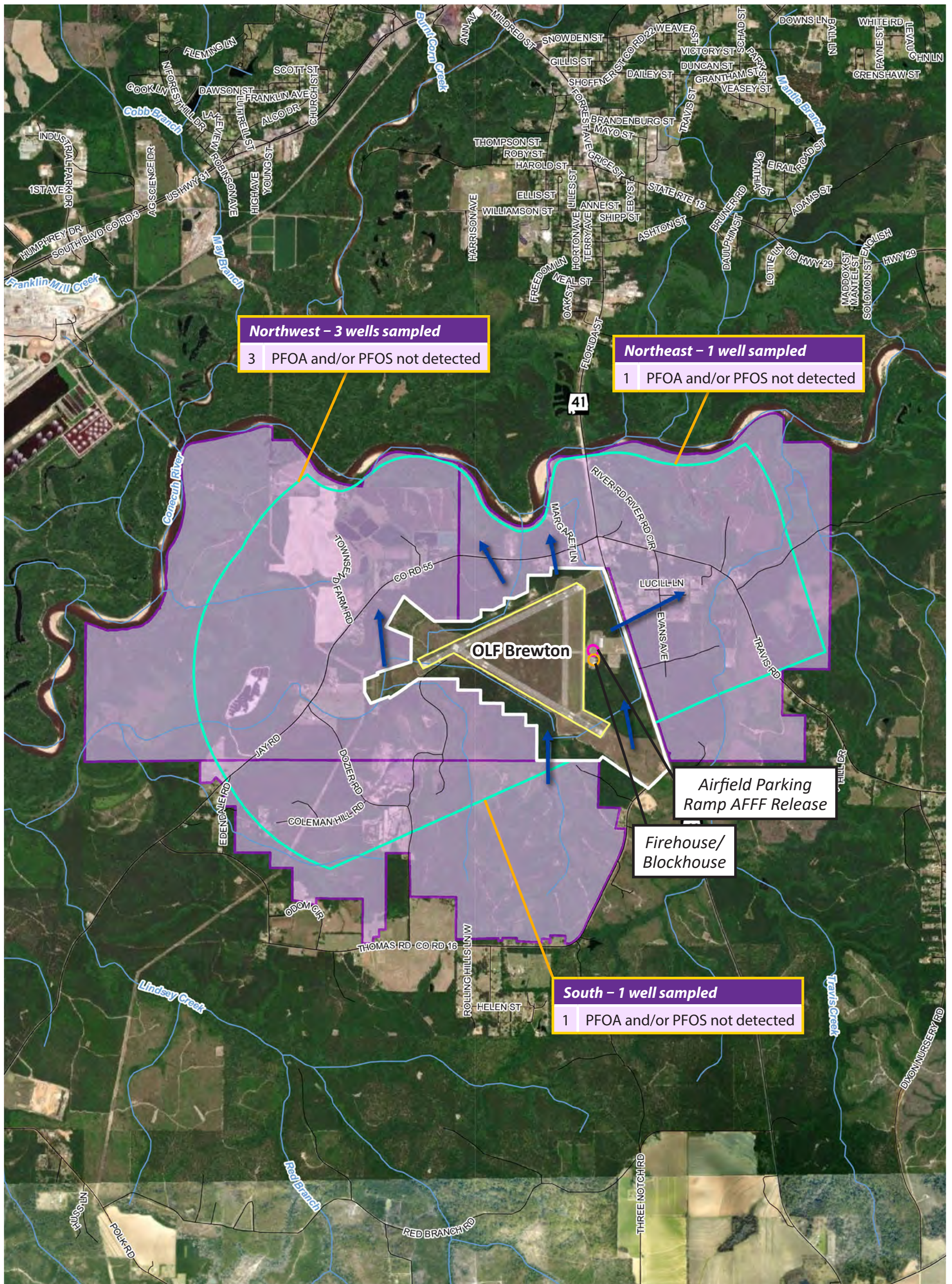
Figure 1 – OLF Brewton

Firehouse/Blockhouse, where firefighting foam may have been released to the environment. At each of these sites, PFAS may be present in groundwater, and may have migrated off-base to nearby drinking water wells (Figure 2). This drinking water well investigation will allow us to address any current exposure to PFOA and/or PFOS above the EPA lifetime health advisory.

There is no legal requirement to conduct this drinking water testing. The Navy is performing this voluntary testing because it is important that our neighbors in the sampling area are not drinking water with PFOA and/or PFOS concentrations above the EPA lifetime health advisory as a result of confirmed or

**The Navy will provide bottled water for drinking and cooking to any resident in the sampling area whose well contains drinking water with PFOA and/or PFOS above the EPA lifetime health advisory. The Navy will provide bottled water until a long-term solution is implemented.**

Figure 2 – Sampling Area



**LEGEND**

- Confirmed PFAS release area
- Potential PFAS release area
- Runways
- Base boundary
- Surface water
- Estimated groundwater flow direction
- Downgradient 1-mile PFAS release buffer
- Sampling area

0 0.25 0.5  
N mile

potential releases of PFAS from OLF Brewton. The Navy is conducting the investigation in collaboration with the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry, the Alabama Department of Environmental Management, and the Alabama Department of Public Health.

**PFAS**

PFAS are man-made chemicals that have been used since the 1950s in many household and industrial products because of their stain- and water-repellent properties. PFAS are now present virtually everywhere in the world because of the large amounts that have been manufactured and used. Once these compounds are released, they break down very slowly.

The EPA is currently studying PFAS to determine if national regulation is needed. The EPA lifetime health advisory provides Americans, including the most sensitive populations, with a margin of protection from a lifetime of exposure to PFOA and/or PFOS in drinking water. The EPA lifetime health advisory for exposure is 70 parts per trillion (ppt) for PFOA and 70 ppt for PFOS. When both PFOA and PFOS are found in drinking water, the combined concentrations should not exceed 70 ppt.

**NAVY POLICY**

Until a decision for regulating PFAS is made, the Navy has proactively developed a policy to conduct investigations at installations where there has been a confirmed or potential release of PFAS to the environment. The Navy’s first priority with these investigations is to ensure people are not being exposed to PFOA and/or PFOS in their drinking water at concentrations exceeding the EPA lifetime health advisory as a result of a Navy PFAS release. When a confirmed or potential release of PFAS is identified on a Navy installation, a sampling area is designated 1 mile in the direction that groundwater flows away from a release site. To be protective, the Navy offers sampling to all residents whose drinking water is supplied by groundwater wells in these designated areas. Once any potential exposure from drinking water has been addressed, the Navy will then complete the full investigation to determine the extent of these compounds on our installations.

**DRINKING WATER RESULTS**

In June 2021, the Navy began off-base drinking water sampling near OLF Brewton. Table 1 and Figure 2 summarize the sampling results from June to August 2021.

<b>Table 1: Drinking Water Results near OLF Brewton for PFOA and/or PFOS</b>	
<b>WELLS SAMPLED</b>	<b>5</b>
No detections	5
Detections <i>below</i> the EPA lifetime health advisory	0
Detections <i>above</i> the EPA lifetime health advisory	0

PFOA and/or PFOS were not detected in any sample. The Navy is still offering to sample drinking water wells within the sampling area that have not previously been tested. Property owners can request sampling by contacting us at 844-NASWFLD (844-627-9353).

**ACTIONS BASED ON RESULTS**

Although PFOA and/or PFOS have not been detected above the EPA lifetime health advisory in the sampled wells off-base, the Navy will continue the on-base environmental investigation for PFAS, which is conducted under Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA). The next step is to initiate a Site Inspection at the potential and confirmed PFAS release areas identified in the PA.

**HEALTH INFORMATION**

**Exposure to PFOA and PFOS appears to be global. Studies have found both compounds in the blood samples of the general population. Studies on exposed populations indicate that PFOA and/or PFOS may have caused elevated cholesterol levels and possibly low infant birth weight. In studies conducted using laboratory animals, effects on developmental, neurological, immune, thyroid, and liver function were observed.**

**Health effects from exposure to low levels of PFAS are not well known, and studies are continuing. At this time, it is not possible to link exposures to PFOA and/or PFOS to a person’s individual health issues. Blood tests are available to measure these chemicals, but they are not routinely done because the results can be inconclusive and test results do not predict health effects. Long-term exposure effects are still being investigated by the EPA.**

**Based on what is known and still unknown about PFOA and PFOS, EPA recommends people not drink or cook with water that contains these compounds above the EPA lifetime health advisory.**

**FOR MORE INFORMATION**

**<http://go.usa.gov/xAEQF>**

If you have any questions, please call **844-NASWFLD (844-627-9353)** or email **[whtg\\_naswf\\_pao.fct@navy.mil](mailto:whtg_naswf_pao.fct@navy.mil)**



# Outlying Landing Field Evergreen Evergreen, Alabama Drinking Water Investigation Results

October 2021

**The Navy has conducted sampling of drinking water wells within a designated area near Outlying Landing Field (OLF) Evergreen for certain per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances, commonly known as PFAS. There were no detections of PFOA or PFOS within the sampling area.**

PFAS are a family of thousands of different chemicals which have been widely used in industrial and consumer products since the 1950s. The Navy developed a proactive policy to address past releases of PFAS at installations nationwide, as several PFAS are now of emerging public health concern. The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) has issued a lifetime health advisory for two commonly used and studied PFAS, perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA) and perfluorooctane sulfonate (PFOS).

The most common Navy activity that could have resulted in the historical release of PFOA, PFOS, and other PFAS to the environment at OLF Evergreen (Figure 1) is the use of firefighting foam (specifically aqueous film-forming foam, or AFFF) for testing, training, firefighting, and other life-saving emergency responses. Because of this historical use, PFOA, PFOS, and other PFAS may be present in the soil and/or groundwater on-base, and they may also be present in nearby off-base drinking water wells located in the direction that groundwater flows away from the OLF within the sampling area (Figure 2).

Records indicate that some residents in the sampling area purchase their drinking water from Fairview Water Systems. The Navy is not asking to sample water provided by Fairview Water Systems. **At this time, the Navy is only asking to sample from drinking water wells located in the sampling area.**

PFAS are chemicals of emerging concern, which have no Safe Drinking Water Act regulatory standards or routine water quality testing requirements. EPA lifetime health advisories are non-enforceable and non-regulatory. They are informal technical guidance to assist federal, state, and local officials, along with managers of public or community water systems, in protecting public health as needed.

In 2020, a comprehensive Preliminary Assessment (PA) was completed at the OLFs in Alabama associated with NAS Whiting Field. It identified potential historical releases of firefighting foam to the environment during activities such as testing, training, firefighting, and other life-saving emergency responses. The PA identified one site, the Firehouse/Blockhouse, where

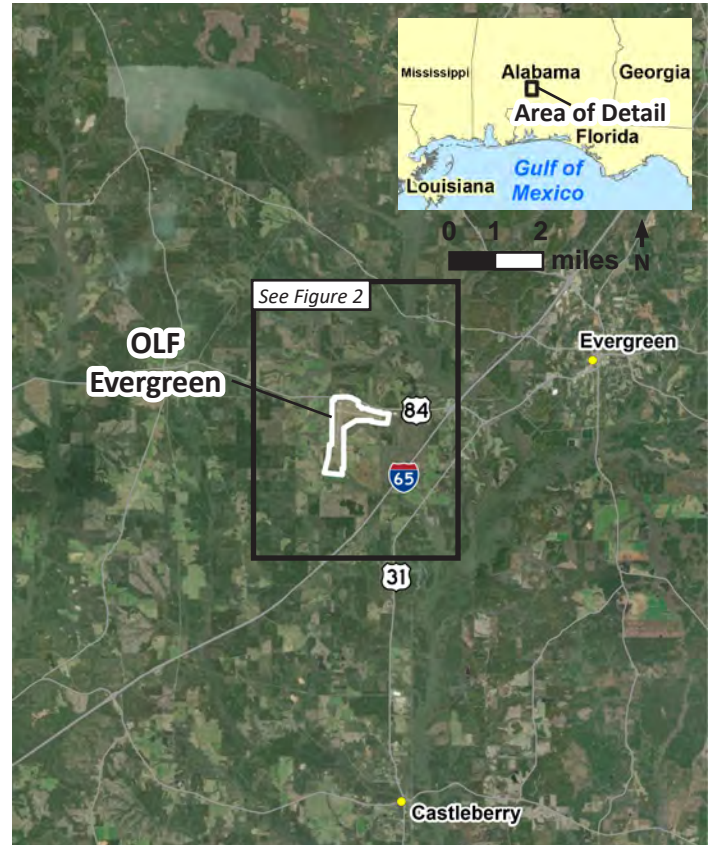


Figure 1 – OLF Evergreen

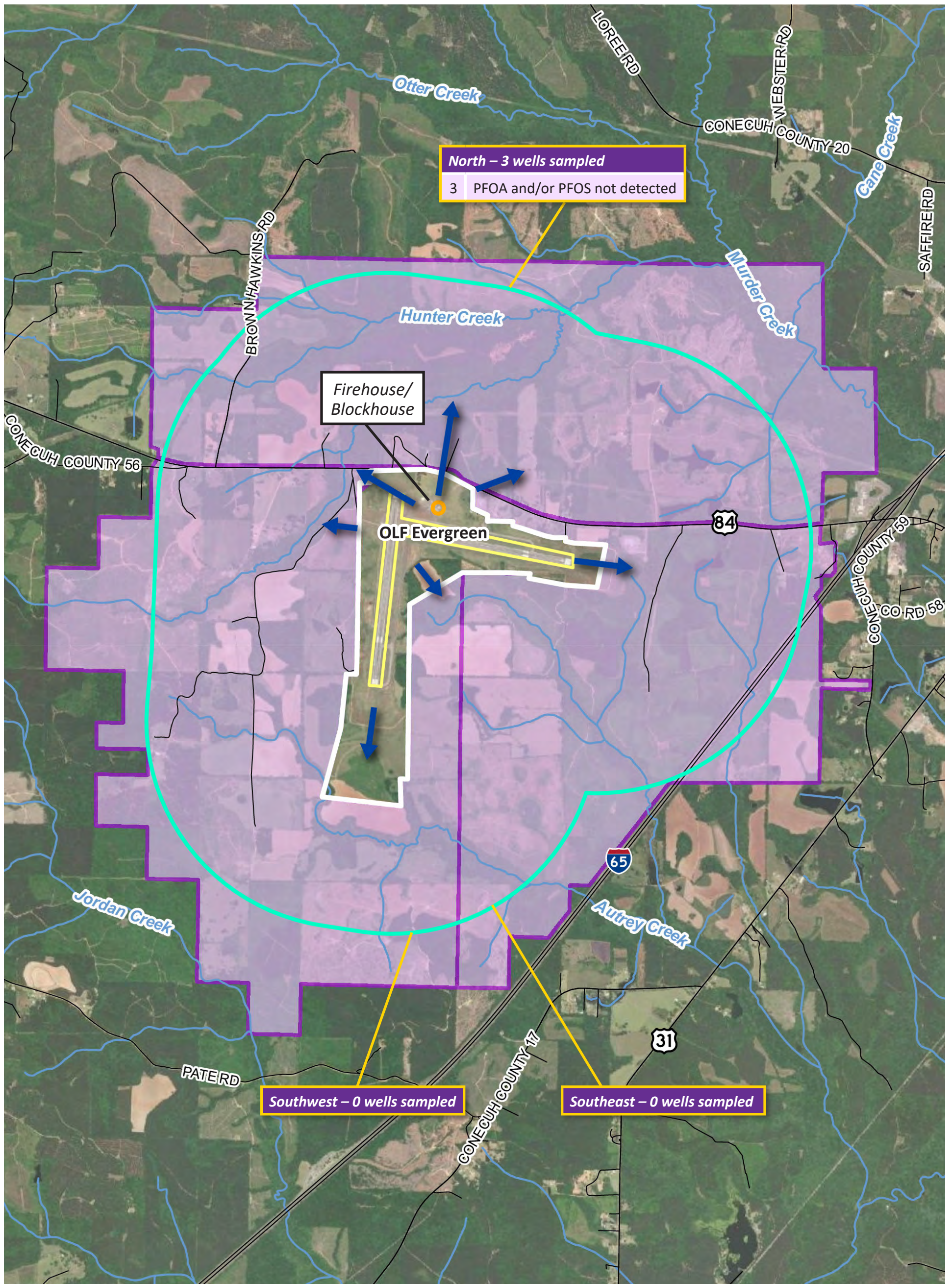
firefighting foam may have been released to the environment. At this site, PFAS may be present in groundwater, and may have migrated off-base to nearby drinking water wells (Figure 2). This drinking water well investigation will allow us to address any current exposure to PFOA and/or PFOS above the EPA lifetime health advisory.

There is no legal requirement to conduct this drinking water testing. The Navy is performing this voluntary testing because it is important that our neighbors in the sampling area are

**The Navy will provide bottled water for drinking and cooking to any resident in the sampling area whose well contains drinking water with PFOA and/or PFOS above the EPA lifetime health advisory. The Navy will provide bottled water until a long-term solution is implemented.**



Figure 2 – Sampling Area



**LEGEND**

- Potential PFAS release area
- Runways
- Base boundary
- Surface water
- Estimated groundwater flow direction
- Downgradient 1-mile PFAS release buffer
- Sampling area



not drinking water with PFOA and/or PFOS concentrations above the EPA lifetime health advisory as a result of potential releases of PFAS from OLF Evergreen. The Navy is conducting the investigation in collaboration with the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry, the Alabama Department of Environmental Management, and the Alabama Department of Public Health.

**PFAS**

PFAS are man-made chemicals that have been used since the 1950s in many household and industrial products because of their stain- and water-repellent properties. PFAS are now present virtually everywhere in the world because of the large amounts that have been manufactured and used. Once these compounds are released, they break down very slowly.

The EPA is currently studying PFAS to determine if national regulation is needed. The EPA lifetime health advisory provides Americans, including the most sensitive populations, with a margin of protection from a lifetime of exposure to PFOA and/or PFOS in drinking water. The EPA lifetime health advisory for exposure is 70 parts per trillion (ppt) for PFOA and 70 ppt for PFOS. When both PFOA and PFOS are found in drinking water, the combined concentrations should not exceed 70 ppt.

**NAVY POLICY**

Until a decision for regulating PFAS is made, the Navy has proactively developed a policy to conduct investigations at installations where there has been a confirmed or potential release of PFAS to the environment. The Navy’s first priority with these investigations is to ensure people are not being exposed to PFOA and/or PFOS in their drinking water at concentrations exceeding the EPA lifetime health advisory as a result of a Navy PFAS release. When a confirmed or potential release of PFAS is identified on a Navy installation, a sampling area is designated 1 mile in the direction that groundwater flows away from a release site. To be protective, the Navy offers sampling to all residents whose drinking water is supplied by groundwater wells in these designated areas. Once any potential exposure from drinking water has been addressed, the Navy will then complete the full investigation to determine the extent of these compounds on our installations.

**DRINKING WATER RESULTS**

In June 2021, the Navy began off-base drinking water sampling near OLF Evergreen. Table 1 and Figure 2 summarize the sampling results from June to August 2021.

<b>Table 1: Drinking Water Results near OLF Evergreen for PFOA and/or PFOS</b>	
<b>WELLS SAMPLED</b>	<b>3</b>
No detections	3
Detections <i>below</i> the EPA lifetime health advisory	0
Detections <i>above</i> the EPA lifetime health advisory	0

PFOA and/or PFOS were not detected in any sample. The Navy is still offering to sample drinking water wells within the sampling area that have not previously been tested. Property owners can request sampling by contacting us at 844-NASWFLD (844-627-9353).

**ACTIONS BASED ON RESULTS**

Although PFOA and/or PFOS have not been detected above the EPA lifetime health advisory in the sampled wells off-base, the Navy will continue the on-base environmental investigation for PFAS, which is conducted under Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA). The next step is to initiate a Site Inspection at the potential PFAS release areas identified in the PA.

**HEALTH INFORMATION**

**Exposure to PFOA and PFOS appears to be global. Studies have found both compounds in the blood samples of the general population. Studies on exposed populations indicate that PFOA and/or PFOS may have caused elevated cholesterol levels and possibly low infant birth weight. In studies conducted using laboratory animals, effects on developmental, neurological, immune, thyroid, and liver function were observed.**

**Health effects from exposure to low levels of PFAS are not well known, and studies are continuing. At this time, it is not possible to link exposures to PFOA and/or PFOS to a person’s individual health issues. Blood tests are available to measure these chemicals, but they are not routinely done because the results can be inconclusive and test results do not predict health effects. Long-term exposure effects are still being investigated by the EPA.**

**Based on what is known and still unknown about PFOA and PFOS, EPA recommends people not drink or cook with water that contains these compounds above the EPA lifetime health advisory.**

**FOR MORE INFORMATION**

<http://go.usa.gov/xAEQF>

If you have any questions, please call **844-NASWFLD (844-627-9353)** or email [whtg\\_naswf\\_pao.fct@navy.mil](mailto:whtg_naswf_pao.fct@navy.mil)